- (iv) The program has sound plans and processes for training, technical assistance, supervision, quality control, evaluation, administration, and other key activities; and
- (v) The program will advance knowledge about how to do effective and innovative community service and service-learning and enhance the broader elementary and secondary education field.
- (2) Replicability, as indicated by the extent to which the program will assist others in learning from experience and replicating the approach of the program.
- (3) Sustainability, as indicated by the extent to which—
- (i) An SEA, Indian tribe or grantmaking entity applicant demonstrates the ability and willingness to coordinate its activities with the State Plan under part 2513 of this chapter and with other federally assisted activities;
- (ii) The program will foster collaborative efforts among local educational agencies, local government agencies, community based agencies, businesses, and State agencies;
- (iii) The program will enjoy strong, broad-based community support; and
- (iv) There is evidence that financial resources will be available to continue the program after the expiration of the grant.
- (b) The Corporation also gives priority to proposals that—
- (1) Involve participants in the design and operation of the program;
- (2) Reflect the greatest need for assistance, such as programs targeting low-income areas:
- (3) Involve students from public and private schools serving together;
- (4) Involve students of different ages, races, genders, ethnicities, abilities and disabilities, or economic backgrounds, serving together;
- (5) Are integrated into the academic program of the participants;
- (6) Best represent the potential of service-learning as a vehicle for education reform and school-to-work transition;
- (7) Develop civic responsibility and leadership skills and qualities in participants;
- (8) Demonstrate the ability to achieve the goals of this part on the

- basis of the proposal's quality, innovation, replicability, and sustainability; or
- (9) Address any other priority established by the Corporation for a particular period.
- (c) In reviewing applications submitted by Indian tribes and U.S. Territories, the Corporation—
- (1) May decide to approve only planning of school-based service-learning programs; and
- (2) Will set the amounts of grants in accordance with the respective needs of applicants.

§ 2516.510 What happens if the Corporation rejects a State's application for an allotment grant?

- If the Corporation rejects a State's application for an allotment grant under $\S2516.600(b)(2)$, the Corporation will—
- (a) Promptly notify the State of the reasons for the rejection;
- (b) Provide the State with a reasonable opportunity to revise and resubmit the application;
- (c) Provide technical assistance, if necessary; and
- (d) Promptly reconsider the resubmitted application and make a decision.

§ 2516.520 How does a State, Indian tribe, or grantmaking entity review the merits of an application?

In reviewing the merits of an application for a subgrant under this part, a Corporation grantee must use the criteria and priorities in §2516.500.

Subpart F—Distribution of Funds

§ 2516.600 How are funds for schoolbased service-learning programs distributed?

- (a) Of the amounts appropriated to carry out this part for any fiscal year, the Corporation will reserve not more than three percent for grants to Indian tribes and U.S. Territories to be allotted in accordance with their respective needs.
- (b) The Corporation will use the remainder of the funds appropriated as follows: (1) Competitive Grants. From

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25 percent of the remainder, the Corporation may make grants on a competitive basis to States, Indian tribes, or grantmaking entities.

- (2) Allotments to States.
- (i) From 37.5 percent of the remainder, the Corporation will allot to each State an amount that bears the same ratio to 37.5 percent of the remainder as the number of school-age youth in the State bears to the total number of school-age youth of all States.
- (ii) From 37.5 percent of the remainder, the Corporation will allot to each State an amount that bears the same ratio to 37.5 percent of the remainder as the allocation to the State for the previous fiscal year under Chapter 1 of Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 2711 *et seq.*) bears to the allocations to all States.
- (iii) Notwithstanding other provisions of paragraph (b)(2) of this section, no State will receive an allotment that is less than the allotment the State received for fiscal year 1993 from the Commission on National and Community Service. If the amount of funds made available in a fiscal year is insufficient to make those allotments, the Corporation will make additional funds available from the 25 percent described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section for that fiscal year to make those allotments.
- (3) For the purpose of paragraph (b) of this section, "State" means one of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- (c) If a State or Indian tribe does not submit an application that meets the requirements for approval under this part, the Corporation (after making any grants to local partnerships or LEAs for activities in nonparticipating States) may use its allotment for States and Indian tribes with approved applications, as the Corporation determines appropriate.
- (d) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, if less than \$20,000,000 is made available in any fiscal year to carry out this part, the Corporation will make all grants to States and Indian tribes on a competitive basis.

Subpart G—Funding Requirements

§2516.700 Are matching funds required?

- (a) Yes. The Corporation share of the cost of carrying out a program funded under this part may not exceed—
- (1) Ninety percent of the total cost for the first year for which the program receives assistance;
- (2) Eighty percent of the total cost for the second year;
- (3) Seventy percent of the total cost for the third year; and
- (4) Fifty percent of the total cost for the fourth year and any subsequent year.
- (b) In providing for the remaining share of the cost of carrying out a program, each recipient of assistance must provide for that share through a payment in cash or in kind, fairly evaluated, including facilities, equipment, or services, and may provide for that share through State sources, local sources, or Federal sources (other than funds made available under the national service laws).
- (c) However, the Corporation may waive the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section in whole or in part with respect to any program in any fiscal year if the Corporation determines that the waiver would be equitable due to a lack of available financial resources at the local level.

§ 2516.710 Are there limits on the use of funds?

Yes. The following limits apply to funds available under this part:

- (a) (1) Not more than five percent of the grant funds provided under this part for any fiscal year may be used to pay for administrative costs, as defined in §2510.20 of this chapter.
- (2) The distribution of administrative costs between the grant and any subgrant will be subject to the approval of the Corporation.
- (3) In applying the limitation on administrative costs the Corporation will approve one of the following methods in the award document:
- (i) Limit the amount or rate of indirect costs that may be paid with Corporation funds under a grant or